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CLAIMS

What is claimed is:

- 1. A slitting tool for use in severing a tubular body positioned around an implantable medical device (IMD), comprising:
- a body member having a surface adapted to be gripped by a user, the surface having a channel to align the IMD, and whereby gripping action of the user maintains the IMD within the channel; and
- a cutting member coupled to the body member and positioned to sever the tubular body without severing the IMD.
- 2. The slitting tool of Claim 1, wherein the surface has a recessed area to be gripped by the user.
- 3. The slitting tool of Claim 2, wherein the recessed area is textured.
- 4. The slitting tool of Claim 3, wherein the recessed area is surface treated to provide texturing.
- 5. The slitting tool of Claim 4, wherein the recessed area is surface treated using a process selected from the group consisting of plasma etching, chemical milling, and ion bombardment.
- 6. The slitting tool of Claim 1, wherein the body member includes an overmold area formed adjacent a base portion, the overmold area forming at least a portion of the channel.
- 7. The slitting tool of Claim 6, wherein the overmold area is formed of a lower durometer polymer than the base portion of the body member.
- 8. The slitting tool of Claim 7, wherein the lower durometer polymer has a high tack.
- 9. The slitting tool of Claim 8, wherein the overmold area is formed of Thermedics Tecothane® TT-1074A having a durometer of approximately 75 Shore A.

- 10. The slitting tool of Claim 9, wherein the base portion of the body member is formed of a material selected from the group consisting of DOW IsoplastTM 301 and DOW Pellethane® 2363-75D polymers.
- 11. The slitting tool of Claim 1, wherein the body member includes a gripping member.
- 12. The slitting tool of Claim 11, wherein the gripping member is a ring to receive at least one finger of a user.
- 13. The slitting tool of Claim 11, wherein the body member includes a guard member to protect the user from the cutting member.
- 14. The slitting tool of Claim 1, wherein the body includes a nose portion projecting from the body, and wherein a portion of the channel extends adjacent the nose portion.
- 15. The slitting tool of Claim 14, wherein the nose portion is positioned to be placed between the IMD and the tubular body.
- 16. The slitting tool of Claim 1, wherein the cutting member has an angle of less than sixty degrees.
- 17. The slitting tool of Claim 1, wherein the cutting member has a sawtooth edge.
- 18. The slitting tool of Claim 1, wherein the channel includes a textured surface.
- 19. The slitting tool of Claim 18, wherein the channel is surface treated to provide the textured surface.
- 20. The slitting tool of Claim 19, wherein the channel is surface treated using a process selected from the group consisting of plasma etching, chemical milling, and ion bombardment.

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- 21. The slitting tool of Claim 1, wherein the channel is adapted to accommodate lead bodies having a diameter of between 2 and 8 French.
- 22. The slitting tool of Claim 1, wherein the channel includes at least one stepped portion to accommodate lead bodies of varying sizes.
- 23. The slitting tool of Claim 14, wherein the channel has a varying depth.
- 24. The slitting tool of Claim 23, wherein the channel is deepest along the portion of the channel extending adjacent the nose portion.
- 25. The slitting tool of Claim 16, wherein the cutting member has an angle of between 15 and 45 degrees.
- 26. A method for allowing a user to sever a tubular body positioned around an implantable medical device (IMD), comprising:
- a.) providing a slitting tool having a cutting member and a surface adapted to be gripped by a user, the surface having a channel to align the IMD;
 - b.) aligning a portion of the IMD within the channel;
 - c.) positioning a finger of the user over the channel to maintain the IMD in position; and
 - d.) directing the IMD toward the cutting member.
- 27. The method of Claim 26, wherein the slitting tool has a recessed area, and wherein step c.) includes positioning the finger within the recessed area.
- 28. The method of Claim 27, wherein the cutting member has a sawtooth shape having an apex, and further including positioning the apex adjacent a portion of the IMD.
- 29. The method of Claim 28, wherein the tubular body includes a shaft, and further including using the apex of the cutting member to sever the shaft.
- 30. The method of Claim 27, wherein the cutting member has a gripping member, and further including positioning one or more other fingers of the user adjacent the gripping member.

- 31. The method of Claim 27, wherein the cutting member has a guard member, and further including positioning the guard member between the cutting member and one or more other fingers of the user.
- 32. The method of Claim 27, wherein the channel includes a tacky surface, and further including placing a surface of the IMD in contact with the tacky surface to pre-position the slitting tool in relation to the IMD
- 33. A slitting tool for use in severing a tubular body positioned around an implantable medical device (IMD), comprising:

body means for gripping by a user, the body means having channel means for aligning the IMD, and whereby gripping action of the user maintains the IMD within the channel means; and cutting means for severing the tubular body without severing the IMD.

- 34. The slitting tool of Claim 33, wherein the body means has recessed means for providing a better grip.
- 35. The slitting tool of Claim 33, wherein the channel means includes overmold mean for providing better contact with the IMD.
- 36. The slitting tool of Claim 33, wherein the body means includes guard means for protecting the user's fingers from the cutting means.